

Bakteriyel ve Viral Enfeksiyonlarda İmmunoterapi

Ahmet Çağkan İnkaya

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HTAM



HIV/AIDS
Korunma
ve Eğitim
Derneği



Sözün Özü

*Herkes dünyayı değiştirmeyi düşünür,
ama
kimse kendini değiştirmeyi düşünmez*

Lev Nikolayeviç Tolstoy (1828-1910)

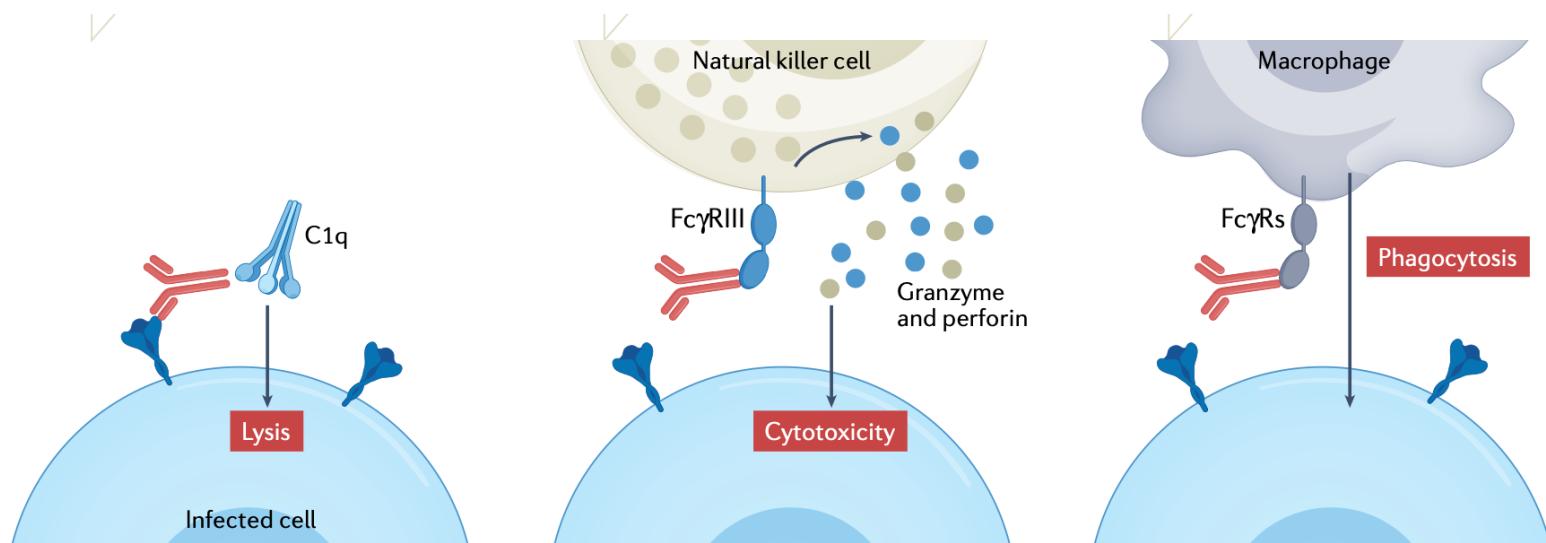
Niye İmmunoterapi?

- Antibiyotik = antibiosis
 - İnsanın kibri
 - Daha çok antibiyotik – daha kötü bir dünya
- Pnömoni sonrası akciğer grafisinde iyileşme
 - Geç
- Bakteriyemi
 - Mikrobiyolojik küre rağmen halen daha uzun dönem mortalite

Tarihte İlk Paralı Asker

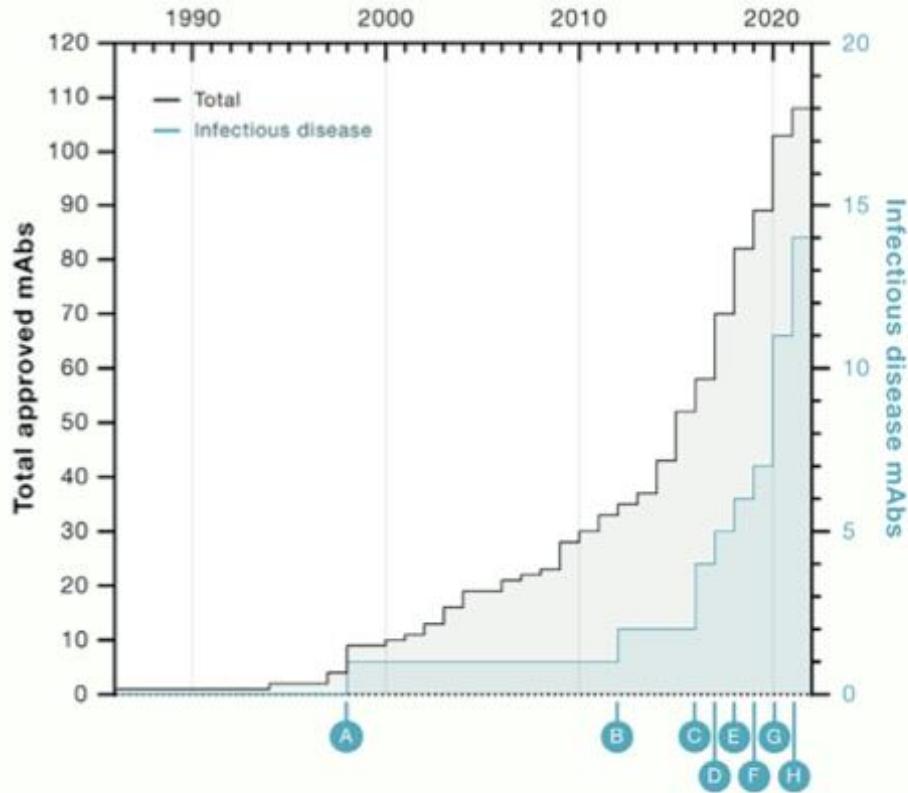
- 10.000'ler
- MÖ 401
- Cyrus, kardeşini (Pers kralı Artaxerxes II) tahttan indirmek için

Antikor Etki Mekanizması



Pantaleo G et al 2022 *Antibodies to combat viral infections: development strategies and progress* Nat Rev Drug Discov

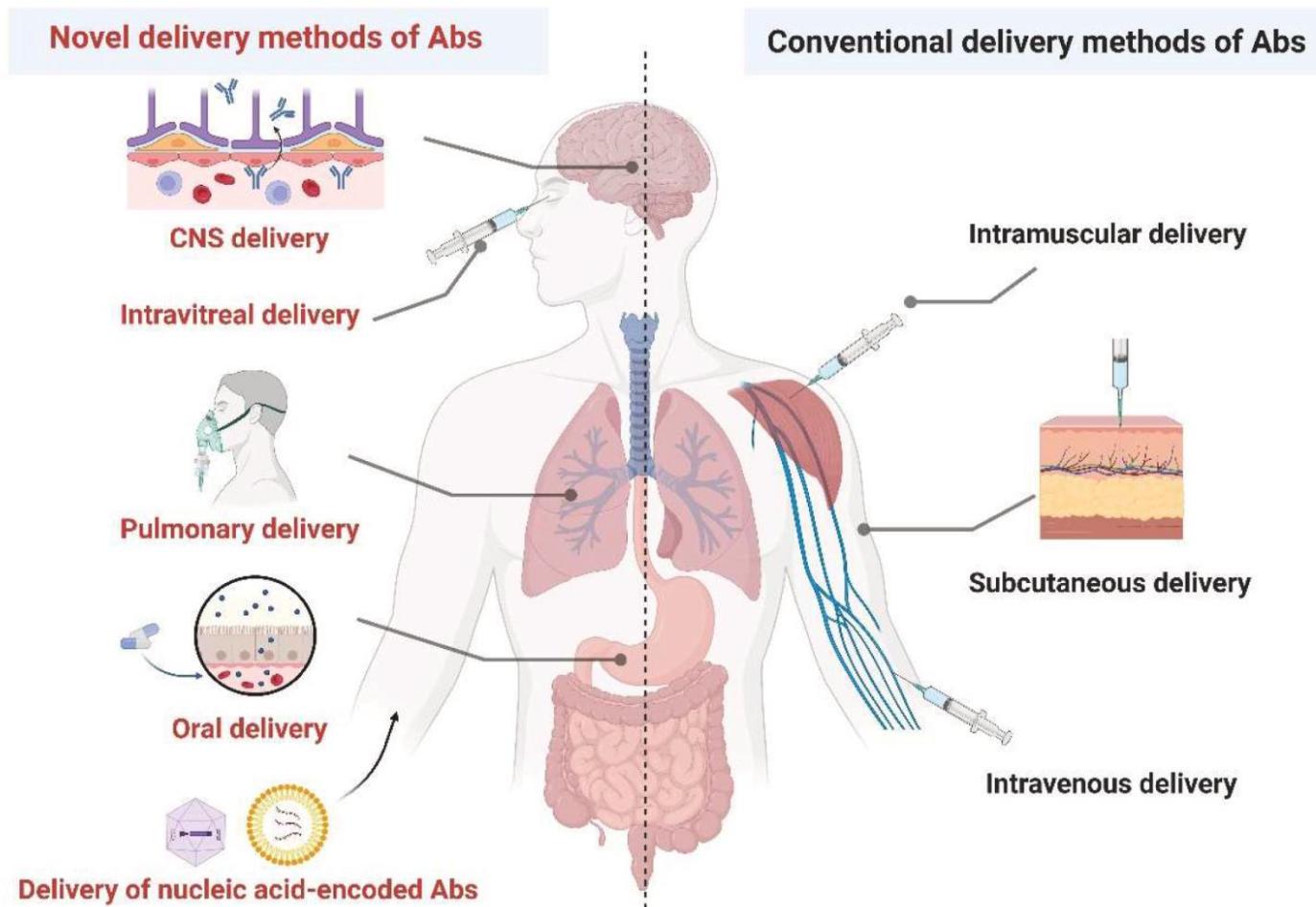
Monoklonal Antikorlar: Tarihsel Gelişim



A	1998	Pallizumab	RSV
B	2012	Raxibacumab	Anthrax
C	2016	Obiltoxaximab Bezlotoxumab	Anthrax C. difficile
D	2017	Rab1*	Rabies
E	2018	Ibalizumab	HIV-1
F	2019	Miromavimab/docaravimab*	Rabies
G	2020	Atoltivimab/mabtivimab /odesivimab Bamlanivimab† Casirivimab/imdevimab* Ansuvinab	Ebola COVID-19 COVID-19 Ebola
H	2021	Etesevimab ¹ Regdanvimab ^{**} Sotrovimab [†]	COVID-19 COVID-19 COVID-19

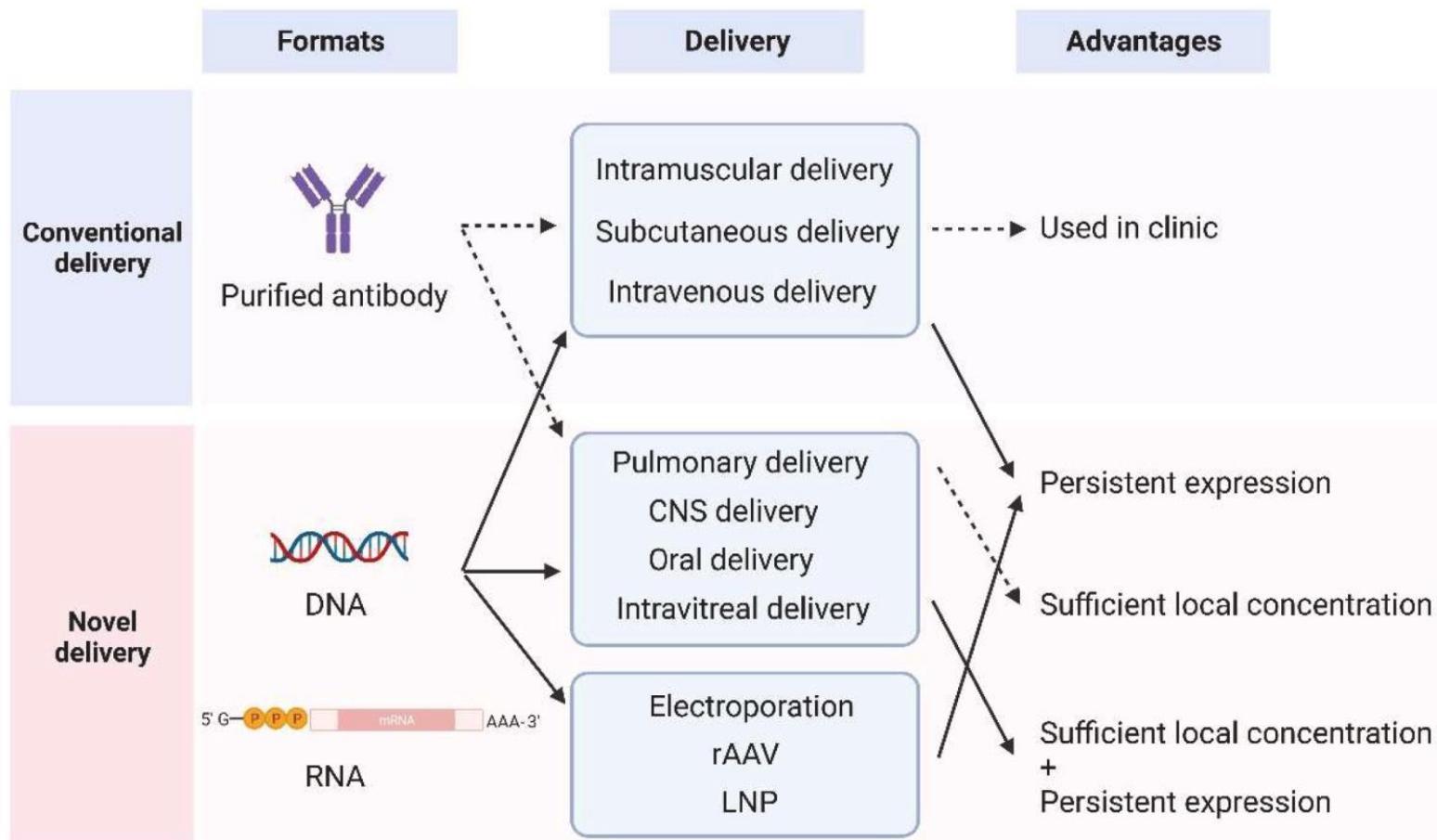
* Approved for use in India
† Emergency use authorization by FDA
** Conditional approval in South Korea

Monoklonal Antikorlar: Yenilikler



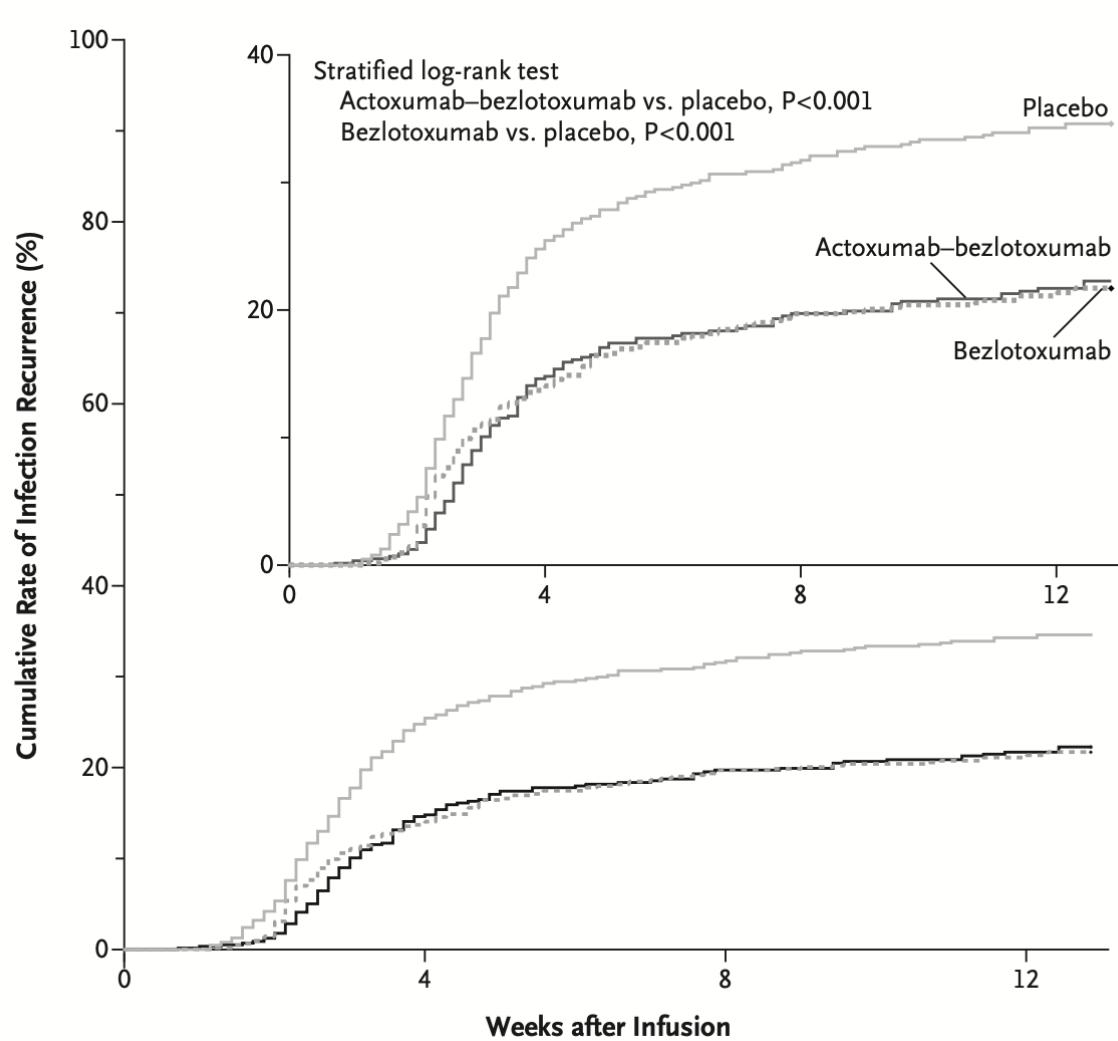
Sun W et al 2024 *Progress in novel delivery technologies to improve efficacy of therapeutic antibodies* Antiviral Res

Monoklonal Antikorlar: Yenilikler



Sun W et al 2024 Progress in novel delivery technologies to improve efficacy of therapeutic antibodies Antiviral Res

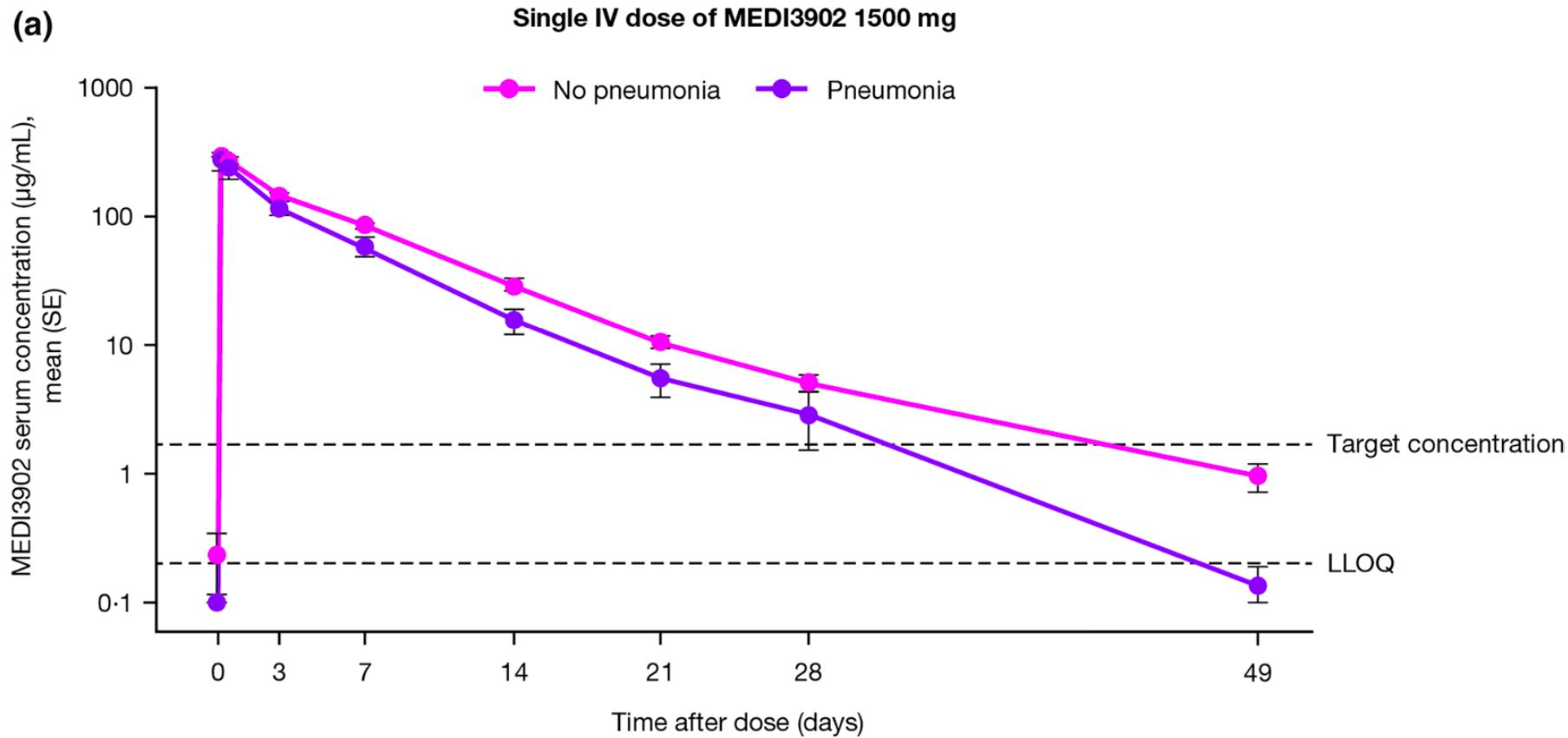
MAb: *C.difficile* Nüksünü Engeller mi?



Wilcox MH et al 2017 *Bezlotoxumab for Prevention of Recurrent Clostridium difficile Infection* N Engl J Med

MAb Pseudomonas Kolonize Kişiлерde Pnömoniyi engeller mi?

(a)



Chastre J et al 2022 Safety, efficacy, and pharmacokinetics of gremubamab (MEDI3902), an anti-Pseudomonas aeruginosa bispecific human monoclonal antibody, in *P. aeruginosa*-colonised, mechanically ventilated intensive care unit patients: a randomised controlled trial. Crit Care

FDA Onayı Alan Antiviral Antikor Tedavileri

Drug (brand name; company)	Target	Format	Technology	Indication	Year of FDA approval
Palivizumab (Synagis; MedImmune/AbbVie)	RSV	Humanized IgG1	Hybridoma	Prevention of RSV infection	1998
Raxibacumab (ABthrax/ Anthrax; GlaxoSmithKline/ Human Genome Sciences)	<i>Bacillus anthracis</i> PA	Human IgG1	Human scFv phage display library	Anthrax infection	2012
Bezlotoxumab (Zinplava; Merck & Co.)	<i>Clostridioides difficile</i> enterotoxin B	Human IgG1	Transgenic mice	Prevention of <i>C. difficile</i> infection recurrence	2016
Obiltoxaximab (Anthim; Elusys Therapeutics)	<i>B. anthracis</i> PA	Chimeric IgG1	Hybridoma	Prevention of inhalational anthrax	2016
Ibalizumab ^a (Trogarzo; TaiMed Biologics)	CD4 receptor (domain 2)	Humanized IgG4	Mice	Treatment of HIV-1 infection	2018
Ansuvinab (Ebanga; MedImmune/Ridgeback Biotherapeutics)	Ebola glycoprotein	Human IgG1	Human	Prevention and treatment of Ebola infection	2020
Atoltivimab, maftivimab and odesivimab (Inmazeb; Regeneron Pharmaceuticals)	Ebola glycoprotein	Human IgG1	Transgenic mice	Prevention and treatment of Ebola infection	2020

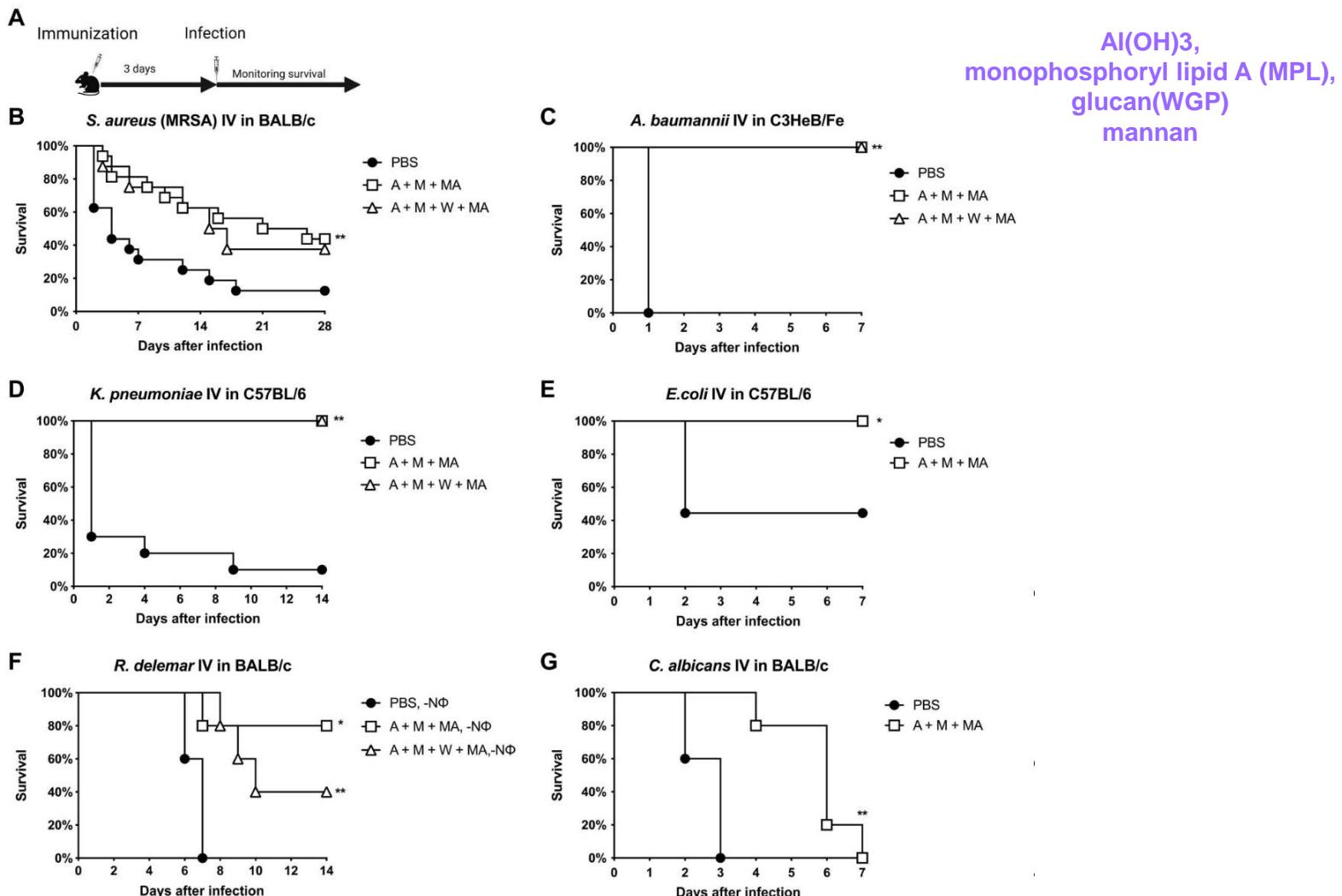
Pantaleo G et al 2022 Antibodies to combat viral infections: development strategies and progress Nat Rev Drug Discov

MAb Ufukta Neler Var?

Bacterial species	Drug	Type	Target	Phase	Clinical trial ID
Bacillus anthracis	Obiltoxaximab	Humanized IgG1	Protective antigen (toxin)	IV	NCT03088111
	Thraxixa	Human IgG1		I	NCT01202695
	Valortim	Human IgG1		I	NCT00964561
	Raxibacumab	Human IgG1		IV	NCT02016963
Clostridium botulinum	XOMA 3ab	Mix of 3 humanized IgG1	Botulinum neurotoxin type B (toxin)	I	NCT01357213
	NTM-1632	Mix of 3 humanized IgG1		I	NCT02779140
Clostridium difficile	Actoxumab	Human IgG1	<i>C. difficile</i> toxin A (toxin)	III	NCT01241552
	Bezlotoxumab	Human IgG1	<i>C. difficile</i> toxin B (toxin)	III	NCT05304715
Escherichia coli	Edobacumab	Mouse IgM	LPS lipid A	III	/
	Nebacumab	Human IgM		III	/
	MAB-T88	Human IgM		III	/
STEC*	Shiga toxin MAbs, cαStx1 & 2	Mix of 2 humanized IgG1	<i>E. coli</i> Stx1 & Stx2	II	NCT01252199
Pseudomonas aeruginosa	Aerucin	Human IgG1	<i>P. aeruginosa</i> alginate	II	NCT02486770
	Panobacumab	Human IgM	<i>P. aeruginosa</i> LPS O11	II	NCT00851435
	KB001	Human PEGylated Fab	<i>P. aeruginosa</i> PcrV	II	NCT01695343
	MEDI3902	Bispecific human IgG1	<i>P. aeruginosa</i> PcrV and Psl	II	NCT02255760
Staphylococcus aureus	Salvecin, AR-301	Human IgG1	<i>S. aureus</i> alpha-hemolysin	II	NCT03816956
	ASN100	Mix of 2 human IgG1	Bi-component toxins & alpha-hemolysin	II	NCT02940626
	Tefibazumab	Humanized IgG1	<i>S. aureus</i> ClfA	II	NCT00198289
	MEDI4893	Human IgG1 modified	<i>S. aureus</i> alpha-hemolysin	II	NCT02296320
	514G3	Human IgG3	<i>S. aureus</i> protein A	II	NCT02357966
	Pagibaximab	Chimeric IgG1	Lipoteichoic acid	II	NCT00646399
	Aurograb	scFv	GrfA (lipoprotein)	III	NCT00217841
Multiple species	F598	Human IgG1	Poly-N-acetylglucosamine	II	NCT03222401

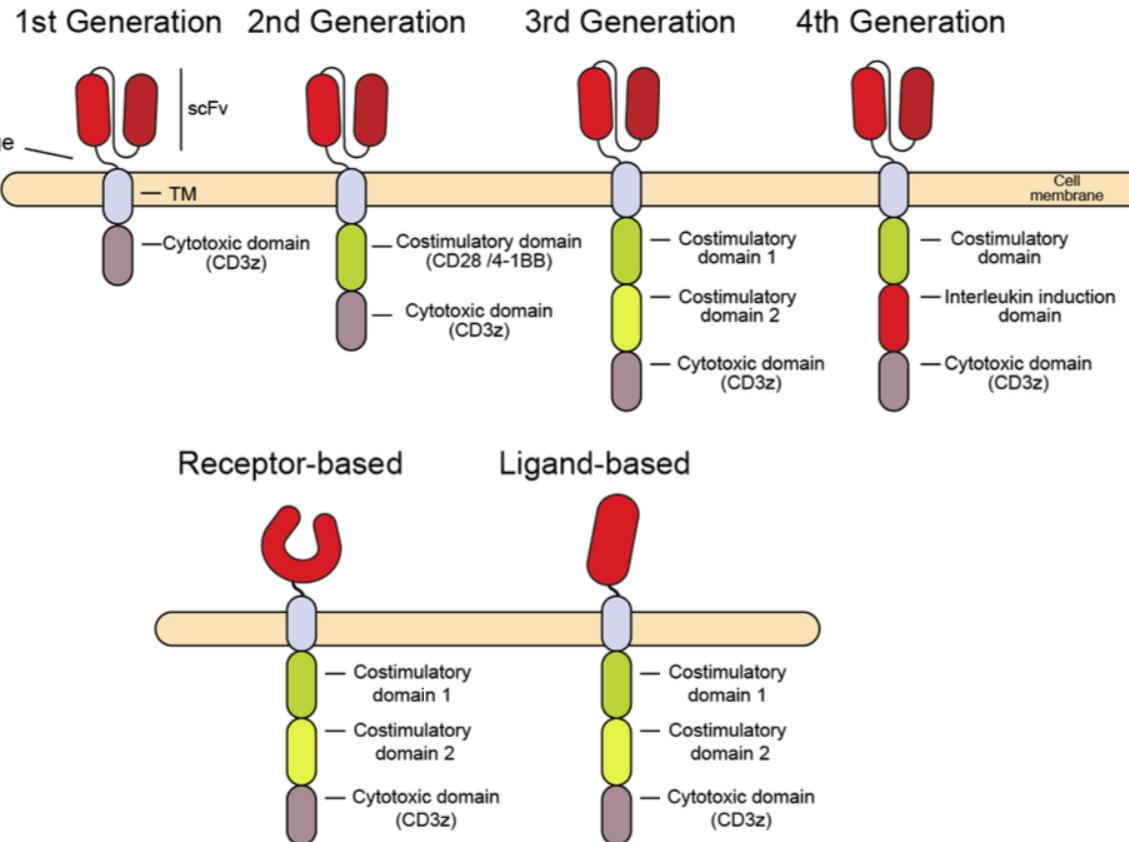
* STEC, Shiga toxin-producing Escherichia coli.

Eğitilmiş İmmünite



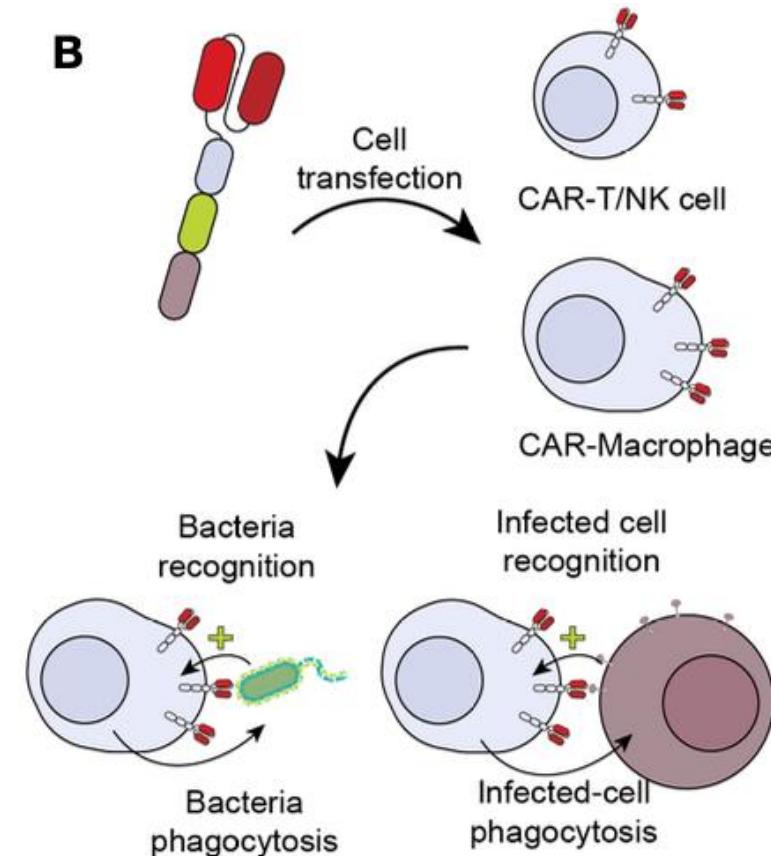
Kimerik Antijen Reseptörü

A

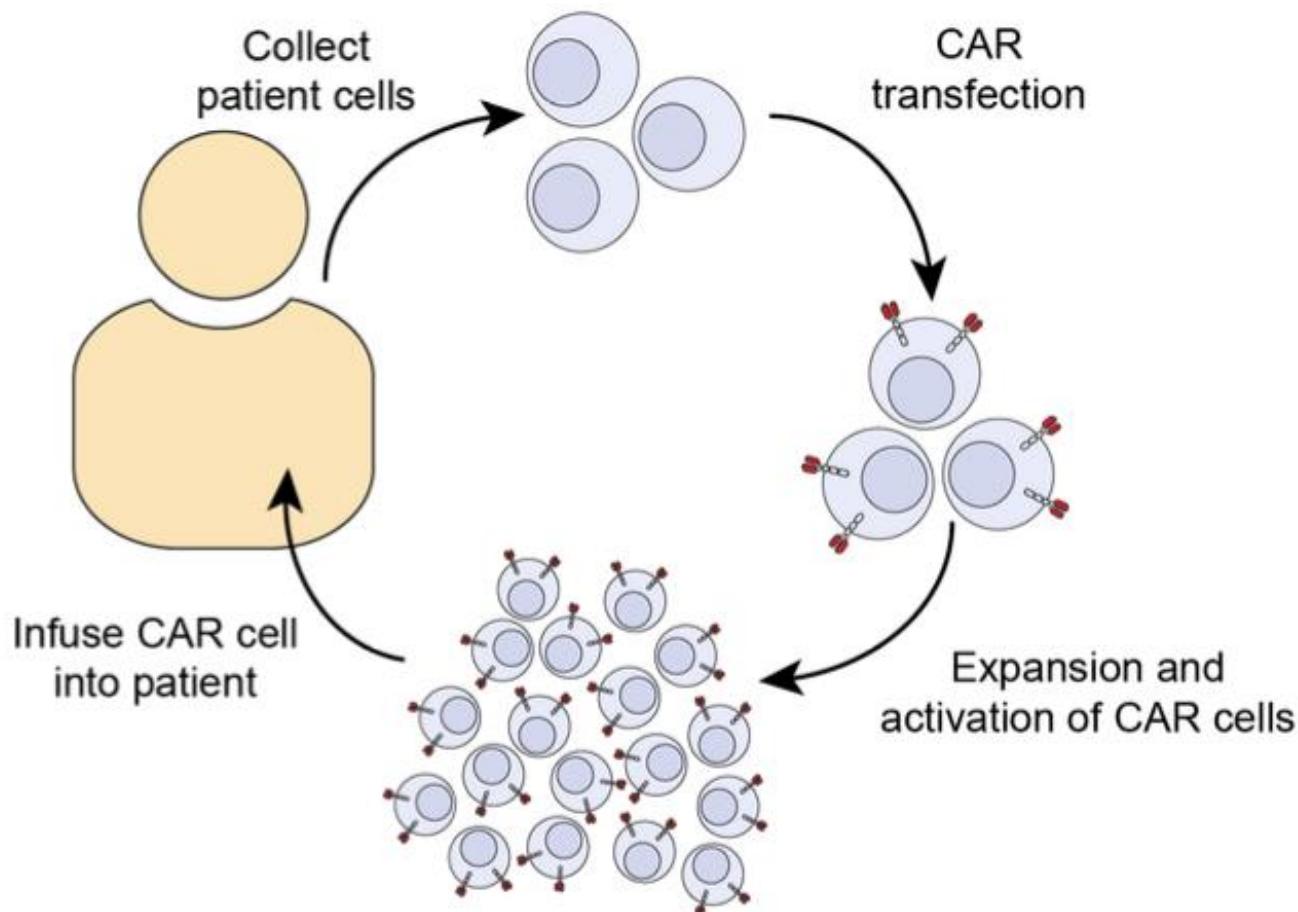


CAR Hücreler

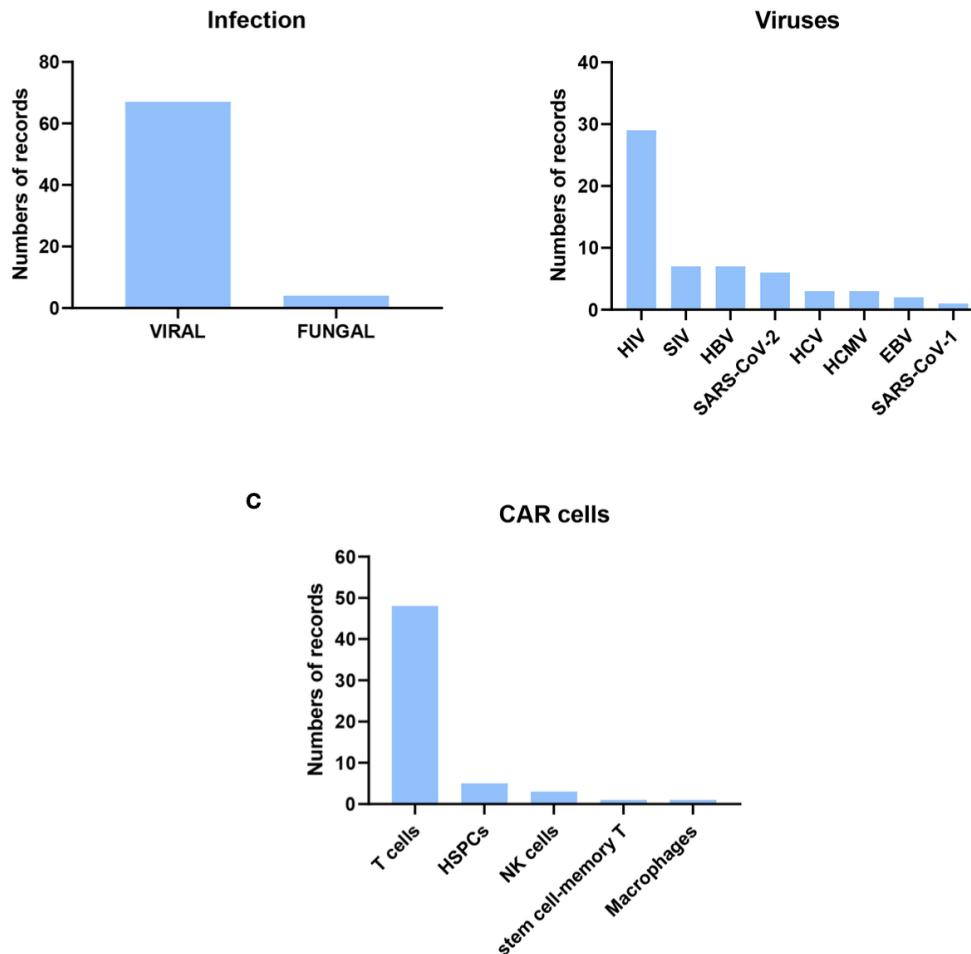
- CAR-T
- CAR-NK
- CAR-M



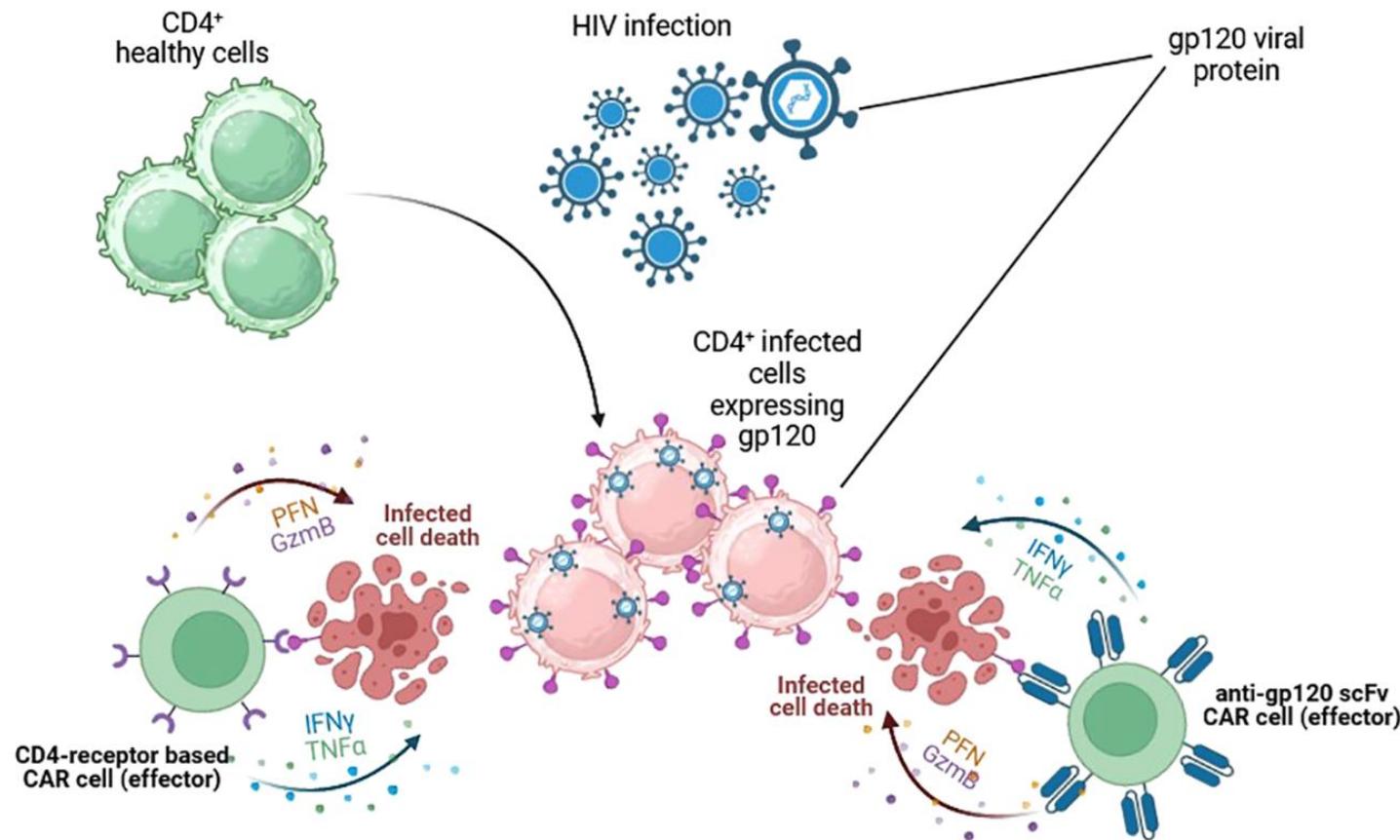
CAR-Hücre Geliştirme



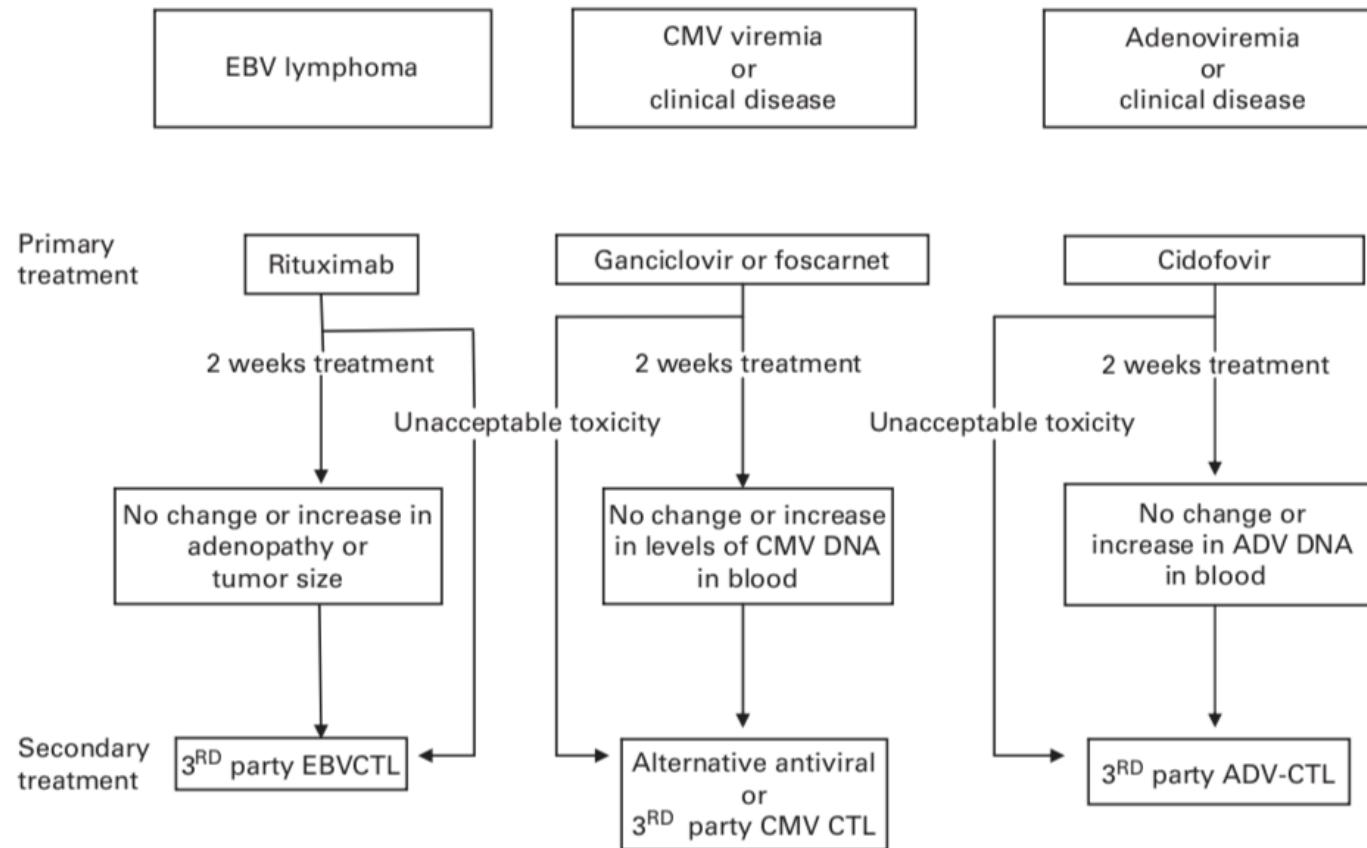
CAR-Hücre Kullanım



CAR-Hücre HIV



Virüs Spesifik T Hücre



Virüs Spesifik T Hücre Hazırlanması

■ Viral peptidler nasıl belirleniyor

Viral proteinler => peptidlere ayrılma => APC sunumu

Her HLA sadece belli peptidleri sunar

HLA'ya uygun peptid

Her hasta, her donör ve her virüs için değişken => belirlenmiş olan peptid havuzları

AdV5 Hexon
CMV pp65
EBV LMP2A
EBV EBNA-1
BKV VP1



Her biri 11 amino asitten oluşan dizilerdir.

Etiketleme

Paketleme



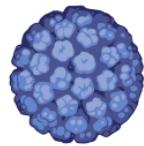
Transfer

Uygulama

Kriyoprezervasyon

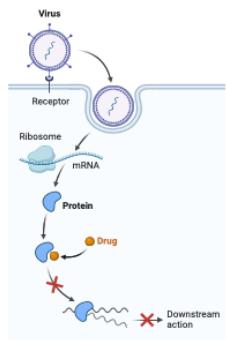


PML Tedavi



Human Polyomavirus (HPyV) Treatment Options

Antivirals



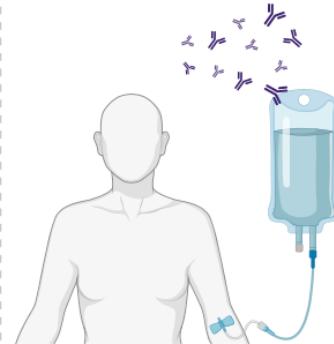
Drugs and drug-candidates have limited efficacy on the course of polyomavirus disease and their usage had limited effect on the disease outcome.

Immunosuppression reduction



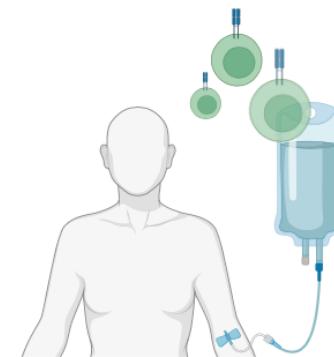
An approach to managing both BKPyVHC and BKPyVAN is the reduction of immunosuppression in transplant recipients.

IVIG



Intravenous immunoglobulin (IVIG), sourced from pooled plasma of numerous donors, harbors limited amount of neutralizing antibodies against BKPyV

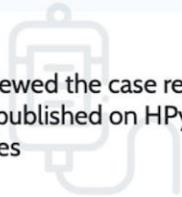
VST



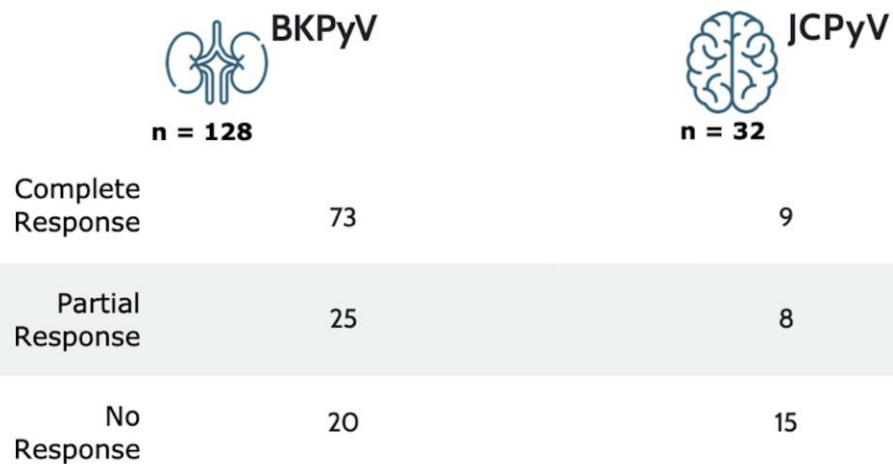
Virus specific T cells (VST) may be a promising and safe option for the treatment of devastating polyomavirus disease in immunocompromised patients.

Polyoma Virüs Hastalığı Tedavide MVST

85 hemorrhagic cystitis, 27 BKPyV viremia, 2 patients with BKPyV nephritis, 14 hemorrhagic cystitis and BKPyV viremia, and 32 PML treated with virus specific T cells

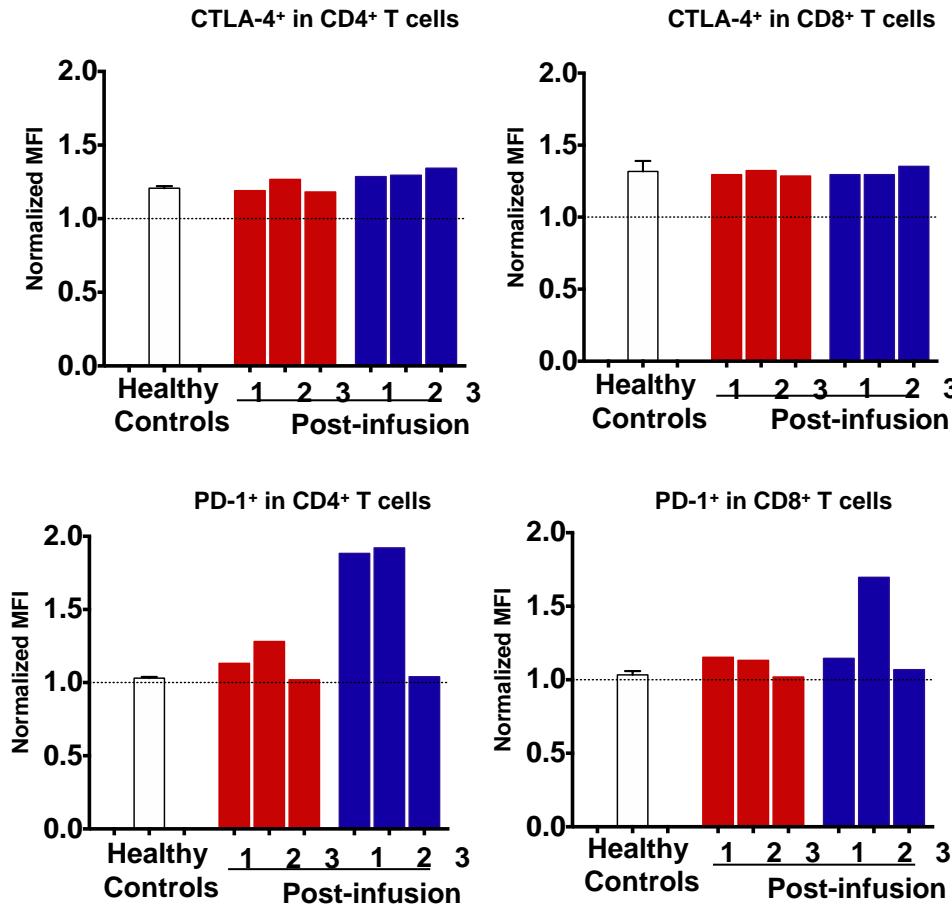


Here, we reviewed the case reports and case studies published on HPyV targeted T cell therapies

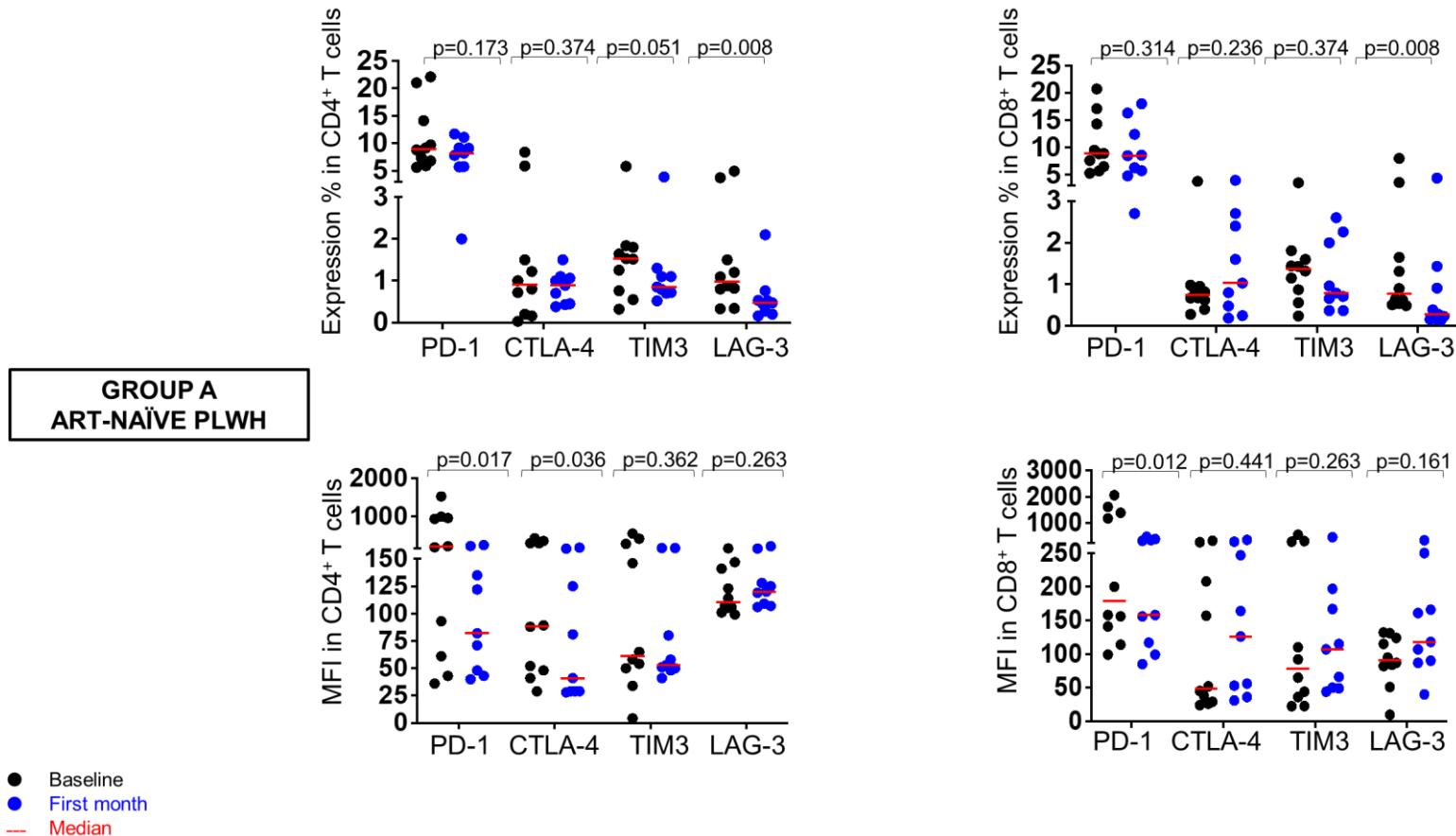


Overall response rate: 82% complete, 33% partial, 35% non-response. (Not available=10)

CD4⁺ ve CD8⁺ T hücrelerde CTLA-4



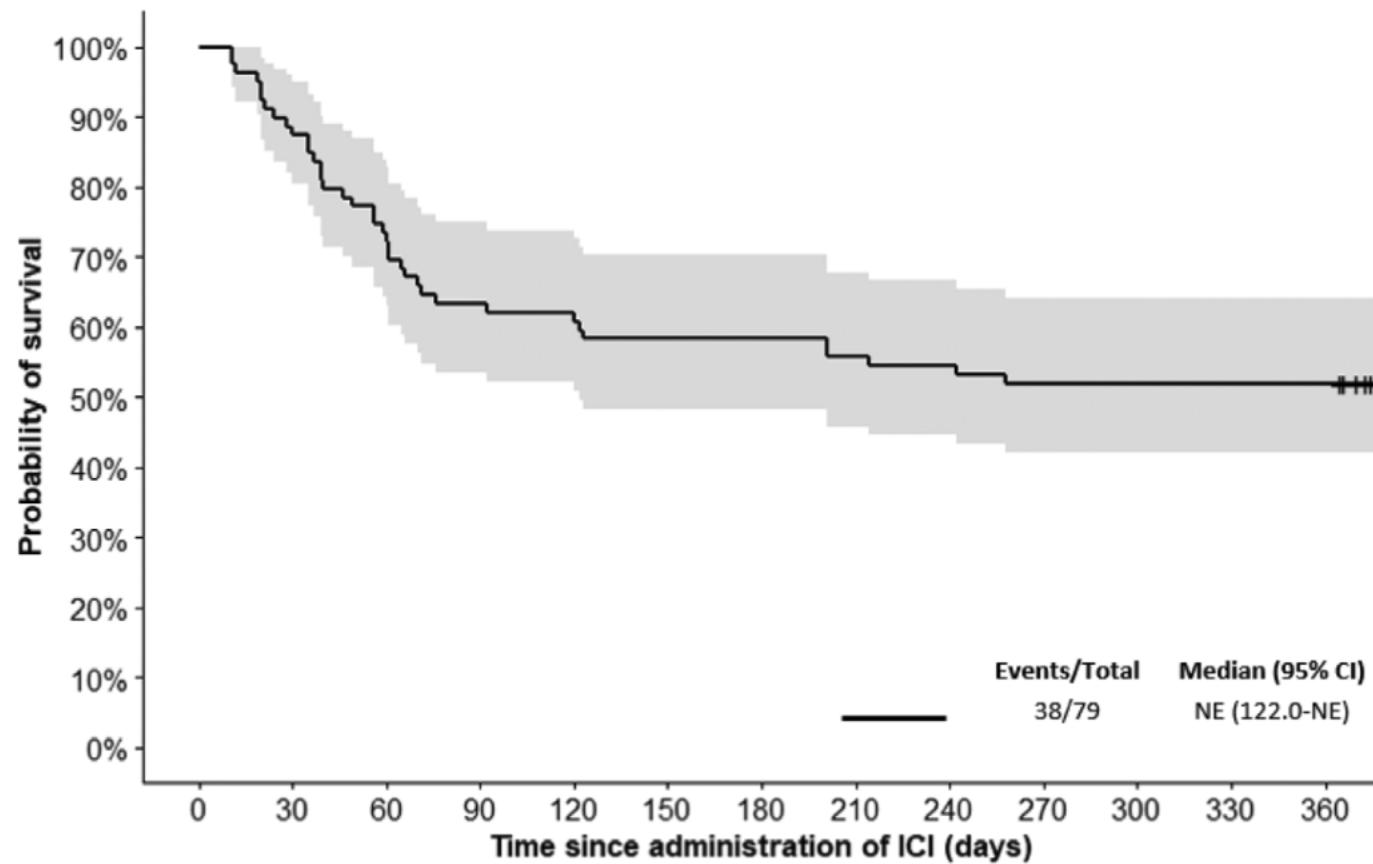
CD4:CD8 Oranından Ötesi T Hücre Yorulması



*All p-values were calculated using Wicoxon Signed-Rank test.

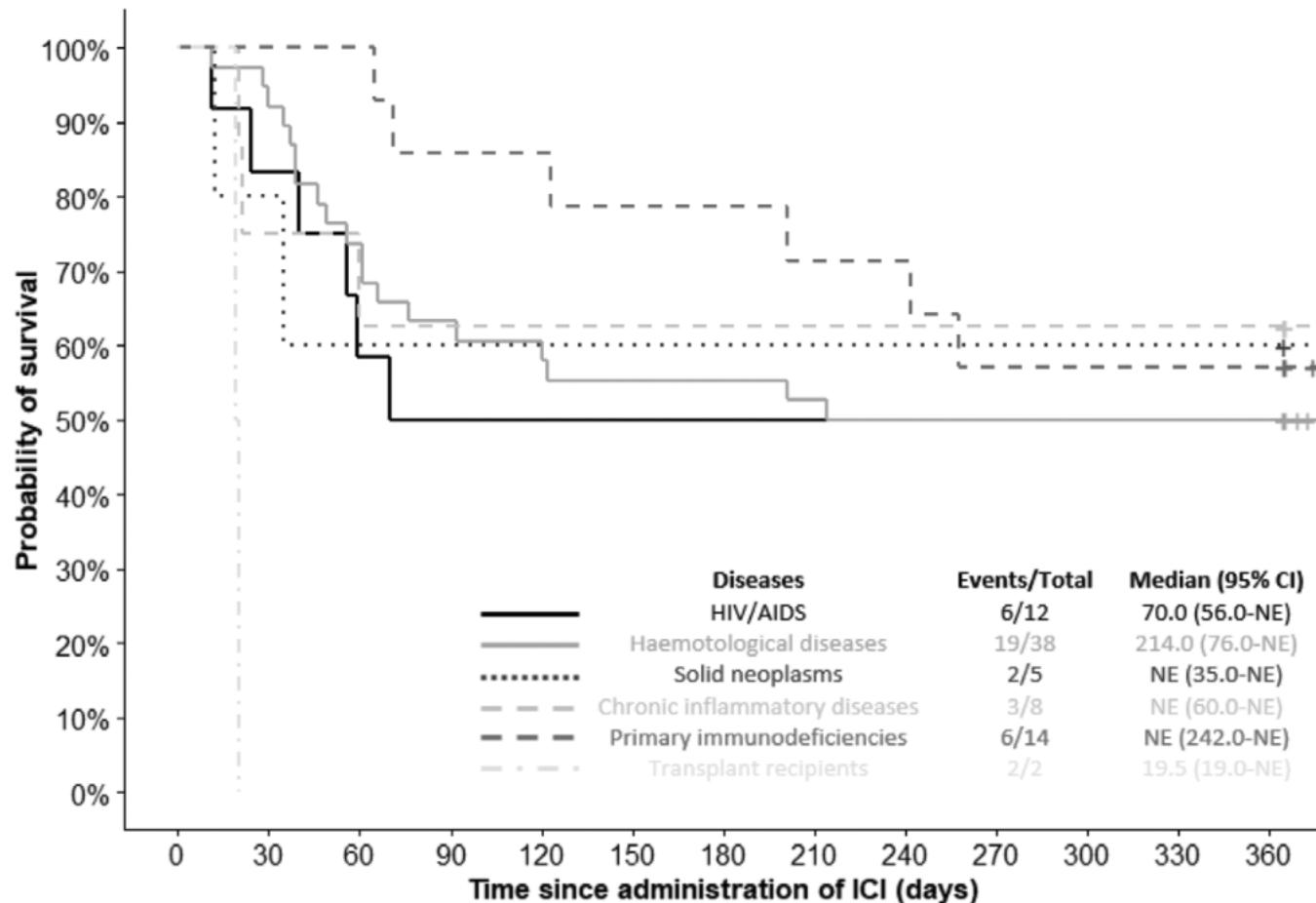
Özcan BB et al *Antiretroviral therapy causes a reduction in T-cell exhaustion, which is preserved after switching to a new therapy regimen* EACS2021

PML: İmmün Checkpoint İnhibitörleri



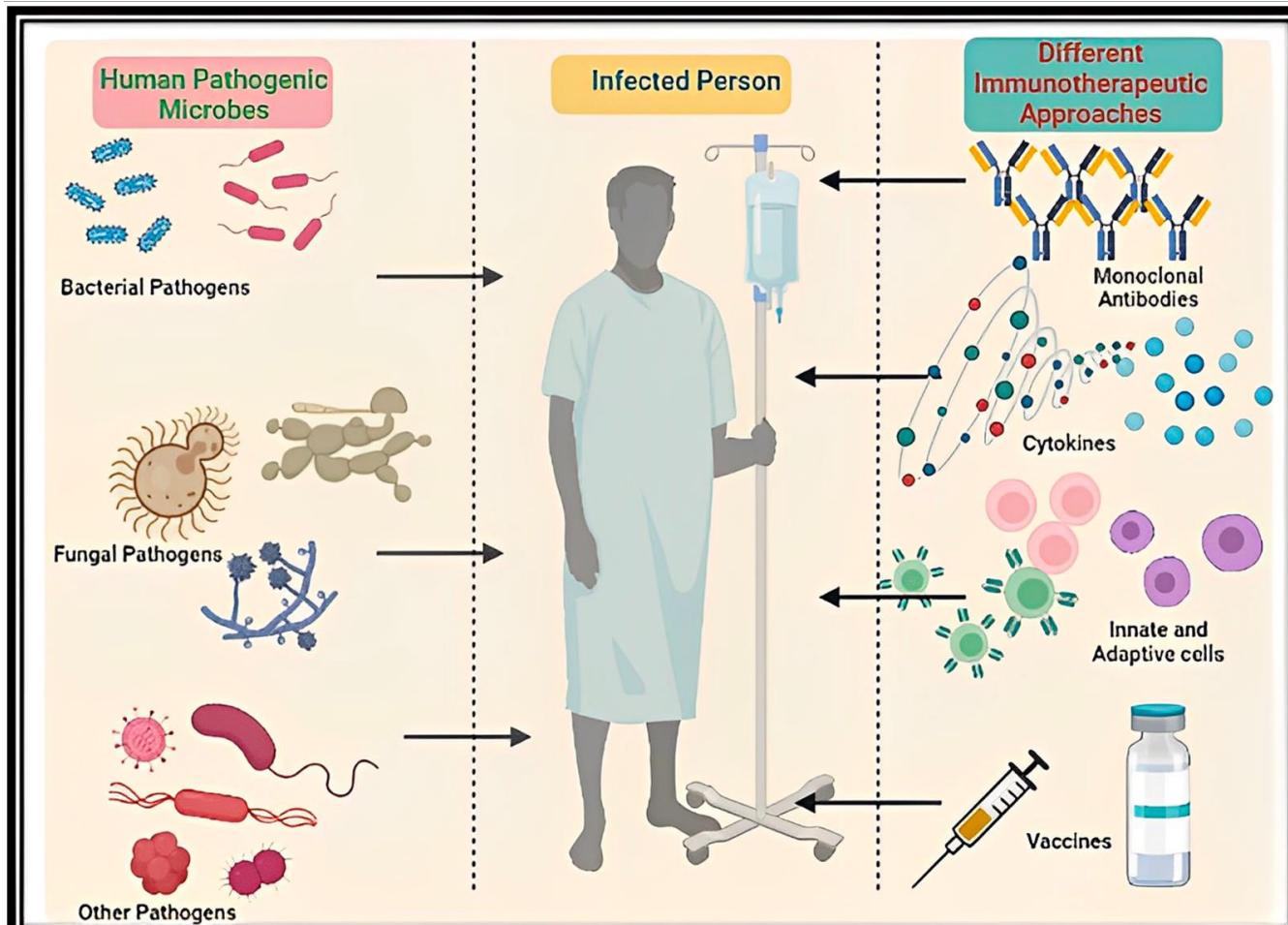
Boumaza X et al 2023 *Immunotherapy for PML Study Group. Progressive Multifocal Leukoencephalopathy Treated by Immune Checkpoint Inhibitors Ann Neurol*

PML: İmmün Checkpoint İnhibitörleri



Boumaza X et al 2023 *Immunotherapy for PML Study Group. Progressive Multifocal Leukoencephalopathy Treated by Immune Checkpoint Inhibitors Ann Neurol*

Immünoterapi



Qadri H et al 2023 *Immunotherapies against human bacterial and fungal infectious diseases: A review*. Front Med (Lausanne)